



Drinking Water Surveillance Program

LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT

Annual Report 1987

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LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM

ANNUAL REPORT 1987

ONTARIO MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT OCTOBER 1988

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Drinking Water Surveillance Program (DWSP) employs a team approach requiring the co-operative effort of the Ministry of the Environment (MOE) staff from Water Resources and Laboratory Services Branch and the Regions, as well as plant operational staff from the Municipalities.

This annual report was produced by the DWSP Group (Ron Hunsinger, Peter Bohm, Carol Sackville-Duyvelshoff, Chris Fung and John McGrachan) and by Pat Lachmaniuk (on developmental assignment to the Drinking Water Section).

Helpful input and reviews were received from Drinking Water Section Staff, in addition to reviews by other MOE and municipal personnel.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM

LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT 1987 ANNUAL REPORT

The Drinking Water Surveillance Program (DWSP) for Ontario is a monitoring program providing immediate, reliable, current information on drinking water quality. The DWSP officially began in April 1986 and is designed to eventually include all municipal supplies in Ontario. Currently, 44 plants are being monitored.

The Lorne Park Water Treatment Plant in Mississauga is a conventional treatment plant which treats water from Lake Ontario. The process consists of coagulation, flocculation, sedimentation, filtration, disinfection and fluoridation. This plant along with the Lakeview plant serves a population of approximately 450,000 and has a design capacity of 227 x 1000m3/day.

Water samples from the raw and treated water at the plant were taken in June and November. The Lorne Park Water Treatment Plant was sampled for approximately 160 parameters. Parameters were divided into the following groups: Bacteriological, Inorganic and Physical (Laboratory Chemistry, Field Chemistry and Metals) and Organic (Chloroaromatics, Chlorophenols, Pesticides and PCB, Phenolics, Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons, Specific Pesticides and Volatiles).

A summary of results is shown in Table 1.

Due to the sampling frequency, the bacteriological quality of the water could not be fully evaluated. Routine bacteriological monitoring as recommended in the Ontario Drinking Water Objectives (ODWO) is carried out by the operating authority.

Inorganic and Physical parameters were below respective health related ODWOs.

Of a total of approximately 110 Organic parameters tested for, none exceeded health related guidelines.

Many of the substances analysed for were naturally-occurring or treatment by-products.

During 1987 the DWSP sampling results indicated that the Lorne Park Water Treatment Plant produced good quality water.

SOMMAIRE

PROGRAMME DE SURVEILLANCE DE L'EAU POTABLE

STATION D'ÉPURATION DE L'EAU DE LORNE PARK RAPPORT ANNUEL 1987

Le Programme de surveillance de l'eau potable (PSEP) de l'Ontario fournit des informations immédiates, fiables et à jour sur la qualité de l'eau potable. Le PSEP a débuté officiellement en avril 1986. Il est destiné à englober tous les réseaux municipaux d'alimentation en eau de l'Ontario. Actuellement, 44 stations en font partie.

La station d'épuration de Lorne Park, à Mississauga, est une station classique qui traite l'eau du lac Ontario. Le traitement comporte la coagulation, la floculation, la décantation, la filtration, la désinfection et la fluoration. Cette station, avec celle de Lakeview, dessert une population d'environ 450 000 habitants et a une capacité nominale de 227 x 1 000 m3/jour.

Des prélèvements d'eau brute et d'eau traitée à la station ont été effectués en juin et en novembre; ils ont été analysés par rapport à environ 160 paramètres dans les catégories suivantes : bactériologique, inorganique et physique (analyses en laboratoire et sur place, présence de métaux) et organique (composés aromatiques chlorés, chlorophénols, pesticides et BPC, dérivés phénoliques, hydrocarbures aromatiques polycycliques, pesticides particuliers et composés volatils).

Le tableau 1 résume les résultats obtenus.

En raison de la fréquence des prélèvements, il n'a pas été possible d'évaluer pleinement la qualité bactériologique de l'eau. Comme on le recommande dans le cadre des objectifs relatifs à la qualité de l'eau potable en Ontario, un contrôle bactériologique systématique est effectué par l'exploitant.

Les mesures des paramètres inorganiques et physiques étaient inférieures aux limites applicables fixées par l'Ontario pour l'eau potable.

Pour environ 110 paramètres organiques mesurés, aucun résultat n'a dépassé les limites acceptables pour la santé.

Un grand nombre de substances détectées apparaissent naturellement ou sont des produits dérivés de l'épuration.

Les résultats des analyses effectuées en 1987 dans le cadre du PSEP ont indiqué que la station d'épuration de Lorne Park donnait une eau de bonne qualité.

TABLE 1

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT

SUMMARY TABLE BY SCAN (1987)

			RAW		TR		
	SCAN	TESTS	POSITIVE	%POSITIVE			%POSITIVE

	BACTERIOLOGICAL	8	8	100	8	2	25
	CHEMISTRY (FLD)	6	6	100	12	12	100
	CHEMISTRY (LAB)	38	31	81	38	26	68
	METALS	40	21	52	. 40	19	47
	CHLOROAROMATICS	26	0	0	26	0	0
	CHLOROPHENOLS	12	0	0	12	0	0
	PAH	17	0	0	17	0	0
	PESTICIDES & PCB	50	0	0	50	0	0
	PHENOLICS	2	0	0	2	0	0
	SPECIFIC PESTICIDES	71	0	0	71	0	0
	VOLATILES	56	0	0	56	8	14
TOTAL		326	66		332	67	

NO HEALTH RELATED GUIDELINES/LIMITS WERE EXCEEDED

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM

LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT 1987 ANNUAL REPORT

INTRODUCTION

The Drinking Water Surveillance Program (DWSP) for Ontario is a monitoring program providing immediate, reliable, current information on drinking water quality. The DWSP officially began in April 1986 and is designed to eventually include all municipal supplies in Ontario. Currently, 44 plants are being monitored. Appendix A contains a detailed description of the DWSP.

The DWSP was initiated at the Lorne Park Water Treatment Plant in Mississauga in January 1986. An annual report was published for 1986 (ISBN 0-7729-2562-3). The sampling frequency for this plant was reduced to twice a year for 1987.

This report contains information and results for 1987.

PLANT DESCRIPTION

The Lorne Park Water Treatment Plant is a conventional treatment plant that treats water from Lake Ontario. The process consists of coagulation, flocculation, sedimentation, filtration, disinfection and fluoridation. This plant along with the Lakeview

plant serves a population of approximately 450,000. It has a design capacity of 227 x 1000m3/day and reported flows ranging of $133 \times 1000m3/day$ and $136 \times 1000m3/day$.

The plant location is shown in Figure 1. Plant process details are shown in Figure 2. General plant information is presented in Table 2.

METHODS

Water samples were obtained from two DWSP approved locations;

- i) Plant Raw The water originated from the wet well prior to chlorination and was sampled through a copper line. The sample tap is located near the intake line.
- ii) Plant Treated The water originated from the taste control well, after addition of all treatment chemicals, through a copper line. The sample tap is located in the plant laboratory.

Sample lines in the plant were flushed prior to sampling to ensure that the water obtained was indicative of its origin and not residual water standing in the sample line.

Attempts were made to capture the same block of water at each sampling point by taking the retention time into consideration.

FIGURE 1

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM ANNUAL REPORT

SITE LOCATION MAP

LOCATION: LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT

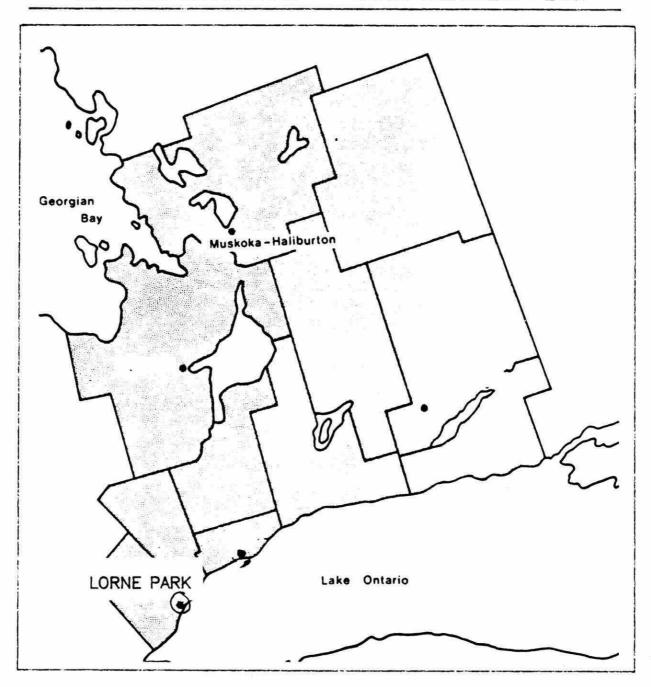


FIGURE 2

LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT

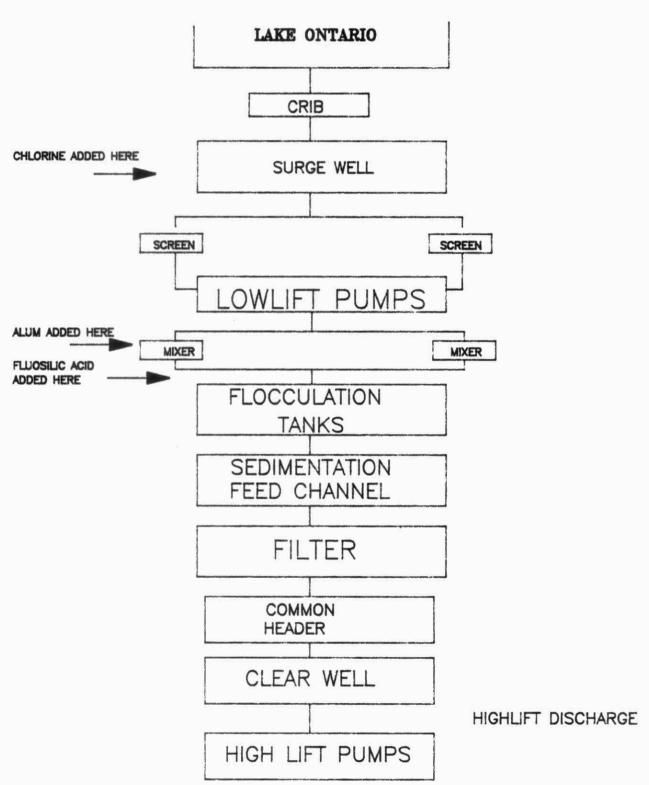


TABLE 2

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM ANNUAL REPORT GENERAL INFORMATION

LORNE PARK WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM

LOCATION:

1180 LAKESHORE ROAD WEST

MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO

(416-822-9120)

SOURCE:

RAW WATER SOURCE - LAKE ONTARIO

RATED CAPACITY:

227 (1000 M3/DAY)

OPERATION:

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT (MOE)

PLANT SUPERINTENDENT: T. ANDERSON

MINISTRY REGION:

CENTRAL

MOE OFFICER:

J. TIMKO

MUNICIPALITY SERVED MISSISSAUGA BRAMPTON

POPULATION 325,000

125,000

The retention time was calculated by dividing the volume of water between two sampling points by the sample day flow. For example, if it was determined that the retention time within the plant was five hours then there would be a five hour interval between the raw and treated sampling.

Stringent DWSP sampling protocols were followed to eliminate any variance (Appendix B).

Sample day flow, treatment chemical dosages and Field Chemistry measurements such as Turbidity, Chlorine Residuals, pH and Temperature were recorded on the day of sampling and were entered on the DWSP data base as submitted.

RESULTS

The Lorne Park Water Treatment Plant distribution system was sampled for approximately 160 parameters in June and November.

Table 3 contains information on the sample day retention time, flow rate and treatment chemicals used and their associated dosages.

Table 4 is a summary break-down of the number of water samples analysed for by parameter and by water type. The number of times that a positive or trace result was detected is also reported.

Positive denotes that the result is greater than the statistical limit of detection established by the Ministry of the Environment (MOE) laboratory staff and is quantifiable. Trace (<T) denotes that the level measured is greater than the lowest value detectable by the method but lies so close to the detection limit that it cannot be confidently quantified.

Table 5 presents the results for parameters detected on at least one occasion.

Table 6 presents parameters not detected.

Associated guidelines and detection limits are also supplied on both tables. Parameters are listed alphabetically within each scan.

DISCUSSION

General

Water quality is judged by comparison with the Ontario Drinking Water Objectives (ODWOS) as defined in the 1984 publication (ISBN 0-7743-8985-0). The Province of Ontario has health related and aesthetic objectives for 49 parameters, these are are currently under review. When an ODWO is not available guidelines/limits from other agencies are consulted. The Parameters Listing System (PALIS) recently initiated by the MOE catalogues and keeps current over 1750 guidelines for 650 parameters from agencies throughout the world.

As stated under Results, traces do not indicate quantifiable values, as defined by established MOE Laboratory analytical reporting protocols. While they can be useful in trend analysis or confirmation of the presence of a specific contaminant that is repeatedly detected at these levels, the occasional finding of a trace level of a contaminant is not considered to be significant. DISCUSSION OF GUIDELINES AND LIMITS THEREFORE, IS ONLY CONDUCTED ON POSITIVE RESULTS.

Bacteriology

Positive results for the Bacteriology scan were present twice in the treated water. The positive parameters were Standard Plate Count.

Due to the sampling frequency, the bacteriological quality of water could not be fully evaluated. Routine bacteriological monitoring as outlined in the ODWO is carried out by the operating authority. Water from the Lorne Park Water Treatment Plant, in terms of the limited DWSP bacteriological examination, was of good quality.

Inorganic and Physical Parameters

Laboratory and Field Chemistry

The results for Laboratory Chemistry and Field Chemistry scans were below applicable health related ODWOs.

There are ODWOs that are set for parameters which are related to aesthetic quality rather than health; one of these is Organic Nitrogen. Organic Nitrogen values are calculated by subtracting the value for Ammonia (Ammonium Total) from the value for Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (Nitrogen Tot Kjeld). The aesthetic ODWO of 0.15 mg/L was exceeded in both of the treated water samples. When Organic Nitrogen exceeds 0.15 mg/l in treated water some taste and odour problems can result.

This guideline is exceeded in most supplies. Based on the information obtained from the DWSP, which generally indicates no problems with this parameter exceedence, the guideline may be modified when the ODWOs are reviewed.

As part of the treatment plant process Fluosilic acid is added to the treated water (Table 3). Where fluoridation is practised, the Fluoride concentration recommended in the ODWO is 1.2 mg/L, plus or minus 0.2 mg/L. Maintenance of this level can be observed in the Fluoride values for the treated water samples.

Metals

The results reported for the Metal scan were below any applicable health related ODWOs.

The Iron and Manganese levels were lower in the treated water as compared to the raw water. This is a result of the treatment process. The addition of alum as a coagulant to the raw water and the resulting coagulation/settling process has been shown to

reduce the levels of most metals.

At present there is no evidence that Aluminum is physiologically harmful and no health limit has been specified. The measure of residual Aluminum in the treated water is important to indicate efficiency of the treatment process. The ODWOs indicate that a useful guideline is to maintain a residual below 0.1 mg/L as Al in water leaving the plant. Aluminum values marginally exceeded the ODWO operational guideline in one treated water.

Organic

Chloroaromatics

The results of the Chloroaromatics group showed that no Chloroaromatics were detected.

Chlorophenols

The results of the Chlorophenols scan showed that no Chlorophenols were detected.

Pesticides and PCB (Polychlorinated Biphenyl)

Within the Pesticides and PCB scan two pesticides were detected:

Alpha BHC

Lindane

Lindane consists of several isomers of BHC (Benzene Hexachloride). Alpha BHC is the isomer most predominantly found in the Great Lakes basin as indicated in results from other water

supplies on DWSP.

Alpha BHC was detected at trace levels, twice in the raw water and once in the treated water.

Lindane was detected at a trace level, once in the raw water.

Specific Pesticides

Within the Specific Pesticide scan no pesticides were detected.

Phenolics

Phenolics were detected at trace levels, twice in both the raw and treated water.

Polynuclear Aromaticd Hydrocarbons (PAH)

The results of the PAH scan showed that no PAHs were detected.

Volatiles

Within the Volatile scan no parameters, other than Trihalomethanes(THMs), were detected.

THMs are acknowledged to be produced during the water treatment process and will always occur in chlorinated surface waters. THMs are comprised mainly of Chloroform, Chlorodibromomethane and Dichlorobromomethane with Bromoform occurring occasionally. Results are reported for the individual compounds as well as for total THMs.

Chloroform, Dichlorobromomethane, Chlorodibromomethane and Total THMs were always detected in the treated water. Bromoform was detected at trace levels in both treated water samples. All THM occurrences were well below the ODWO of 350 ug/L for Total THMs.

CONCLUSIONS

The Lorne Park Water Treatment Plant for the sample year of 1987 produced good quality water at the plant.

No health related guidelines for organic or inorganic parameters, were exceeded during 1987.

Comparison with the DWSP results from previous years confirms the good quality of the water produced at the plant.

RECOMMENDATIONS

One recommendation can be made:

1) The data base should be reviewed in consultation with Regional, Plant and DWSP personnel to determine if sampling location, sampling frequency and the number of parameters analysed could be altered to allow for a more efficient characterization of the water.

TABLE 3

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT

	SAMPLE DAY	CONDITIONS		TREATMENT CHEMICAL	DOSAGES (MG/L)
			PRE-CHLORINATION	FLUORIDATION	COAGULATION
DATE	RETENTION TIME(HRS)	FLOW (1000 M3)	CHLORINE	FLUOSILIC ACID	ALUM LIQUID
JUN 08 NOV 09	3.1 2.0	136.0 133.8	02.15 02.02	01.01 01.20	03.52 03.27

TABLE 4

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT

		RAW WATER			TREATED WA	TER		SITE 1		SITE 2			
SCAN	PARAMETER	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE
	*****								~				
BACTERIOLOGICAL	FECAL COLIFORM MEMBRANE FILTRATION	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	P/A BOTTLE	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STANDARD PLATE COUNT MEMBRANE FILT.	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL COLIFORM BACKGROUND MF	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL COLIFORM MEMBRANE FILTRATION	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
*TOTAL SCAN BACTERIO	LOGICAL	8	8	0	8	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
*TOTAL GROUP BACTERIO	DLOGICAL	8	8	0	8	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CHEMISTRY (FLD)	FIELD COMBINED CHLORINE RESIDUAL	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	FIELD FREE CHLORINE RESIDUAL	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	FIELD PH	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	FIELD TEMPERATURE	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	FIELD TOTAL CHLORINE RESIDUAL	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	FIELD TURBIDITY	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
*TOTAL SCAN CHEMISTRY	((FLD)	6	. 6	0	12	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(
CHEMISTRY (LAB)	ALKALINITY	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AMMONIUM TOTAL	2	1	1	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CALCIUM	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CHLORIDE	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	COLOUR	2	0	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CONDUCTIVITY	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CYANIDE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

TABLE 4

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT

			RAW WATER TREATED WATER		NTER	SITE 1			SITE 2				
SCAN	PARAMETER	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••		•••••					*********		
CHEMISTRY (LAB)	FLUORIDE	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	HARDNESS	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MAGNESIUM	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	NITRITE	2	1	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PH	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PHOSPHORUS FIL REACT	2	2	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PHOSPHORUS TOTAL	2	1	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SODIUM	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL NITRATES	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL SOLIDS	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TURBIDITY	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
*TOTAL SCAN CHEMISTRY	(LAB)	38	31	5	38	26	7	0	0	0	0	0	0
											• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
METALS	ALUHINUM	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ARSENIC	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BARIUM	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BERYLLIUM	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BORON	2	0	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CADMIUM	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CHROMIUM	2	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	COBALT	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	COPPER	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	IRON	2	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	LEAD	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

TABLE 4

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT

			RAW WATER		TREATED WATER		SITE 1			SITE 2			
SCAN	PARAMETER	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE
****		*******											
METALS	MANGANESE	2	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MERCURY	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MOLYBDENUM	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	NICKEL	2	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SELENIUM	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	STRONTIUM	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	URANIUM	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	VANADIUM	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ZINC	2	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
*TOTAL SCAN METALS		40	21	2	40	19	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
*TOTAL GROUP INORGAN	IIC & PHYSICAL	84	58	7	90	57	9	0	0	0	0	0	0
CHLOROAROMATICS	123 TRICHLOROBENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1234 TETRACHLOROBENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1235 TETRACHLOROBENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	124 TRICHLOROBENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1245 TETRACHLOROBENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	135 TRICHLOROBENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	236 TRICHLOROTOLUENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	245 TRICHLOROTOLUENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	26A TRICHLOROTOLUENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	HEXACHLOROETHANE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	OCTACHLOROSTYRENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PENTACHLOROBENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

TABLE 4

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT

		RAW WATER		TREATED WATER			SITE 1			SITE 2		
SCAN PARAMETER	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE
*********	•••••			•••••	•••••	••••						
*TOTAL SCAN CHLOROAROMATICS	26	0	0	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CHLOROPHENOLS 234 TRICHLOROPHENOL	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2345 TETRACHLOROPHENOL	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2356 TETRACHLOROPHENOL	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
245 - TRICHLOROPHENOL	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
246-TRICHLOROPHENOL	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
*TOTAL SCAN CHLOROPHENOLS	12	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PAH ANTHANTHRENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ANTHRACENE	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BENZO(A) ANTHRACENE	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BENZO (A) PYRENE	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BENZO(B) CHRYSENE	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BENZO(B) FLUORANTHENE	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BENZO(E)PYRENE	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BENZO(G,H,I) PERYLENE	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BENZO(J) FLUORANTHENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BENZO(K) FLUORANTHENE	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CHRYSENE	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CORONENE	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DIBENZO(A, H) ANTHRACENE	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DIMETHYL BENZO(A) ANTHRACENE	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

TABLE 4

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT

			RAW WA	TER		TREATED WA	TER		SITE 1		SIT	E 2	
SCAN	PARAMETER	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE
PAH	FLUORANTHENE	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	INDENO(1,2,3-C,D) PYRENE	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PERYLENE	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PHENANTHRENE	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PYRENE	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
*TOTAL SCAN PAH		17	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PESTICIDES & PCB	ALACHLOR	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ALDRIN	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ALPHA BHC	2	0	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ALPHA CHLORDANE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ATRATONE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BETA BHC	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	DIELDRIN	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ENDRIN	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ETHLYENE DIBROMIDE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GAMMA CHLORDANE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	HEPTACHLOR	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	U	0	0
	HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	HEXACHLOROBENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	U	0	0
	LINDANE	2	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	U	0	0
	METHOXYCHLOR	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MIREX	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	O,P-DDT	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	OXYCHLORDANE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	U

TABLE 4

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT

			RAW WATER		TREATED WATER			SITE 1			SITE 2		
SCAN	PARAMETER	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE
			•••••							****		•••••	
PESTICIDES & PCB	PCB	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PP-DDD	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PPDDE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PPDDT	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	THIODAN I	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	THIODAN II	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	THIODAN SULPHATE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
											25	va.	45.
*TOTAL SCAN PESTICIDE	ES & PCB	50	0	3	50	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
			٠		۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰								
PHENOLICS		2	0	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
		•	0	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
*TOTAL SCAN PHENOLICS	•	2	U	2	2	U	2	Ų		U	·		٠
SPECIFIC PESTICIDES		2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2,4 D PROPIONIC ACID	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2,4,5-T	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2,4-D	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	24-DICHLORORPHENOXYBUTYRIC	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AMETRYNE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	AMINOCARB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ATRAZINE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BENOMYL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLADEX	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BUX (METALKAMATE)	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

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TABLE 4

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT

		RAW WATER		TREATED WATER			SITE 1			SITE 2			
SCAN	PARAMETER	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE
	20000000												
SPECIFIC PESTICIDES	CARBOFURAN	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	DIALLATE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	DIAZINON	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	DICAMBA	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	DICHLOROVOS	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	DURSBAN	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	EPTAM	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ETHION	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GUTHION	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	IPC	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MALATHION	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	METHYL PARATHION	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	METHYLTRITHION	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	METOLACHLOR	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MEVINPHOS	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PARATHION	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PHORATE (THIMET)	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PICHLORAM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PROMETONE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PROMETRYNE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PROPAZINE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	PROPOXUR	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RELDAN	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RONNEL	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SENCOR	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SEVIN (CARBARYL)	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SILVEX	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

TABLE 4

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT

			RAW WA	TER		TREATED WA	TER		SITE 1		SIT	E 2	
SCAN	PARAMETER	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE
	******											*******	
SPECIFIC PESTICIDES	SIMAZINE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SUTAN (BUTYLATE)	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOXAPHENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
*TOTAL SCAN SPECIFIC	PESTICIDES	71	0	0	71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL COM OF LOTT TO	, 201101020	•	_		***		.51	~	,) (15) (15)	-		
VOLATILES	1,1 DICHLOROETHANE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
State of Table of the Comment of State	1,1 DICHLOROETHYLENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1,2 DICHLOROBENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1,2 DICHLOROETHANE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1,2 DICHLOROPROPANE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1,3 DICHLOROBENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1,4 DICHLOROBENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	111, TRICHLOROETHANE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	112 TRICHLOROETHANE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1122 TETRA-CHLOROETHANE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BROMOFORM	2	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CHLOROBENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	2	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CHLOROFORM	2	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	2	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ETHYLBENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	M-XYLENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	METHYLENE CHLORIDE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

TABLE 4

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT

			RAW WA	TER		TREATED WA	TER		SITE 1		SIT	E 2		
SCAN	PARAMETER	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	# ANALYSED	POSITIVE	TRACE	
VOLATILES	O-XYLENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	P-XYLENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOLUENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TOTAL TRIHALOMETHANES	2	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TRANS 1,2 DICHLOROETHYLENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	TRIFLUOROCHLOROTOLUENE	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
*TOTAL SCAN VOLATIL	LES	56	0	0	56	8	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
*TOTAL GROUP ORGANI	IC	234	0	5	234	8	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Redesional!		P.202.10	1202	-			187100	740		1921)	722	200	207	
TOTAL		326	66	12	332	67	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	

KEY TO TABLES 5 AND 6

- A ONTARIO DRINKING WATER OBJECTIVES
 - 1. Maximum Acceptable Concentration (MAC)
 - 1+. MAC for Total Trihalomethanes
 - 1*. MAC for Bacteriological Analyses

Poor water quality is indicated when :

- total coliform counts > 0 < 5
- P/A Bottle Test is present after 48 hours
- Aeromonas organisms are detected in more than 25% of samples in a single submission or in successive submissions from the same sampling site
- Pseudomonas Aeruginosa, Staphylococcus Aureus and members of the Fecal Streptococcus group should not be detected in any sample
- Standard Plate Count should not exceed 500 organisms per ml at 35 deg C within 48 hours
- 2. Interim Maximum Acceptable Concentration (IMAC)
- 3. Maximum Desirable Concentration (MDC)
- 4. Aesthetic or Recommended Operational Guideline
 - hardness levels between 80 and 100 mg/L as calcium carbonate are considered to provide an acceptable balance between corrosion and incrustation, water supplies with a hardness >200 mg/L are considered poor and those in excess of 500 mg/L are unacceptable.
- B HEALTH & WELFARE CANADA
 - Maximum Acceptable Concentration (MAC)
 - 2. Proposed MAC
 - 3. Interim MAC
- C WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION
 - 1. Guideline Value (GV)
 - 2. Tentative GV
 - 3. Aesthetic GV
- D US ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (EPA)
 - Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)
 - Suggested No-Adverse Effect Level (SNAEL)
 - 3. Lifetime Health Advisory
 - 4. EPA Ambient Water Quality Criteria
- F EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY (EEC)
 - 1. Health Related Guideline Level
 - 2. Aesthetic Guideline Level
 - 3. Maximum Admissable Concentration (MADC)
- G CALIFORNIA STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH-GUIDELINE VALUE
- H USSR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CONCENTRATION
- I NEW YORK STATE AMBIENT WATER GUIDELINE

LABORATORY RESULTS, REMARK DESCRIPTIONS

*	No Sample Taken
BDL	Below Minimum Measurable Amount
<t< th=""><th>Greater Than Detection Limit But Not Confident</th></t<>	Greater Than Detection Limit But Not Confident
>	Results Are Greater Than The Upper Limit
<=>	Approximate Result
! AW	No Data: Analysis Withdrawn
!CR	No Data: Could Not Confirm By Reanalysis
!cs	No Data: Contamination Suspected
!IL	No Data: Sample Incorrectly Labelled
!IS	No Data: Insufficient Sample
! LA	No Data: Laboratory Accident
! LD	No Data: Test Queued After Sample Discarded
!NA	No Data: No Authorization To Perform Reanalysis
!NP	No Data: No Procedure
!NR	No Data: Sample Not Received
!OP	No Data: Obscured Plate
! PE	No Data: Procedural Error - Sample Discarded
! PH	No Data: Sample pH Outside Valid Range
!RO	No Data: See Attached Report (no numeric results)
!SM	No Data: Sample Missing
!ss	No Data: Send Separate Sample Properly Preserved
!UI	No Data: Indeterminant Interference
A3C	Approximate, Total Count Exceeded 300 Colonies
APL	Additional Peak, Large, Not Priority Pollutant
APS	Additional Peak, Less Than, Not Priority Pollutant
CIC	Possible Contamination, Improper Cap
CRO	Calculated Result Only
PPS	Test Performed On Preserved Sample

RMP P and M-Xylene Not Separated

RRV Rerun Verification

RVU Reported Value Unusual

SPS Several Peaks, Small, Not Priority Pollutant

UAL Unreliable: Sample Age Exceeds Normal Limit

UCR Unreliable: Could Not Confirm By Reanalysis

UCS Unreliable: Contamination Suspected

UIN Unreliable: Indeterminant Interference

XP Positive After X Number of Hours

TABLE 5

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT 1987

	WATER TREATM	ENT PLANT	DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
	RAW	TREATED	
	BACTERIOLOGICAL		
FECAL COLIFORM MF	(CT/100ML)	DET'N LIMIT	= 0 GUIDELINE = 0 (A1)
JUN	3		
	13	*	
NOV	13		
STANDRD PLATE CNT	ME (CT/MI)	DET'N LIMIT	= 0 GUIDELINE = 500/ML (A1)
STANDED FEATE CHT	HI (GI)HE	DET A CIMIT	- U GOIDELINE - SOOTHE (AT)
JUN	30	5	
NOV	70	8	
P/A BOTTLE (0=ABS	ENT)	DET'N LIMIT	= 0 GUIDELINE = 0 (A1*)
JUN		0	
NOV		0	
TOTAL COLIFORM MF	(CT/100ML)	DET'N LIMIT	= 0 GUIDELINE = 5/100ML(A1)
JUN	60 A3C	0	
NOV	40	0	
T COLIFORM BCKGRD	MF (CT/100ML)	DET'N LIMIT	= 0 GUIDELINE = N/A
JUN	1220	0	
NOV	242	0	

TABLE 5

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT 1987

	WATER TREATMENT PLANT			DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM	
	RAW	TREATED			
СН	EMISTRY (FL				
FLD CHLORINE (COMB)			DET'N LIMIT = N/A	GUIDELINE = N/A	
JUN	<u>#</u>	.200 .150			
FLD CHLORINE FREE (M	G/L)		DET'N LIMIT = N/A	GUIDELINE = N/A	
JUN	(i) (a)	.900 .900			
TOTAL CHLORINE (MG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = N/A	GUIDELINE = N/A	
NOV		1.100 1.050			
FLD PH (DMSNLESS)			DET'N LIMIT = N/A	GUIDELINE = 6.5-8.5 (A4)	
JUN	8.200 8.000	7.750 7.700			
TEMPERATURE (DEG.C)		DET'N LIMIT = N/A	GUIDELINE = N/A	
JUN NOV	11.000 10.000	12.000 10.000			
FLD TURBIDITY (FTU)		DET'N LIMIT = N/A	GUIDELINE = 1.0 (A1)	
JUN VOV	.700 .840	.280 .120			

TABLE 5

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT 1987

	WATER TREAT	MENT PLANT	DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
	RAW	TREATED	

ALKALINITY (MG/L	CHEMISTRY (LAB)	DET'N LIMIT =	.200 GUIDELINE = 30-500 (A4)
JUN	102.800 100.600	99.600 97.200	
CALCIUM (MG/L)	DET'N LIMIT =	.100 GUIDELINE = 100. (F2)
		40.000	
CHLORIDE (MG/L)	DET'N LIMIT =	.200 GUIDELINE = 250.0 (A3)
		25.500	
COLOUR (TCU)	DET'N LIMIT =	.5 GUIDELINE = 5.0 (A3)
JUN NOV		BDL .500 <t< td=""><td></td></t<>	
CONDUCTIVITY (UM		DET'N LIMIT =	1 GUIDELINE = 400. (F2)
NOV	327 329	353 335	
FLUORIDE (MG/L)		.01 GUIDELINE = 2.400 (A1)
NOV	.130 .100	.980 1.000	
HARDNESS (MG/L)	DET'N LIMIT =	.500 GUIDELINE = 80-100 (A4)
JUN NOV	133.000 137.000	134.000	
MAGNESIUM (MG/L			.050 GUIDELINE = 30. (F2)
JUN NOV	8.500 8.700	8.300 8.300	
SODIUM (MG/L)	DET'N LIMIT =	.200 GUIDELINE = 200. (C3)
	12.400 12.600	14.000	
AMMONIUM TOTAL (DET'N LIMIT =	0.002 GUIDELINE = .05 (F2)
JUN	.012	T> 800.	

TABLE 5

WATER TREATMENT PLANT

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT 1987

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

	RAW		TREATED						
NOV	.006	<₹	.004	<⊺					
NITRITE (MG/L)				DET'N	LIMIT	=	0.001	GUIDELINE = 1.000	(A1)
JUN NOV	.029	<₹	.001 BDL	<1					
TOTAL NITRATES (MG/L					LIMIT	=	.020	GUIDELINE = 10.000) (A1)
JUN	.390		.335						
NOV NITROGEN TOT KJELD (MG			.385	DET/N	LIMIT		.020	GUIDELINE =	N/A
WITHOUGH TOT ROLLD (NO	,, _	/ /		DEI III		2000	.020	GOIDEEINE -	
JUN NOV	.170		.190						
NOV	.200		. 100						
PH (DMSNLESS)			9	DET'N	LIMIT	=	N/A	GUIDELINE = 6.5-8	.5(A4)
JUN	8.310		8.220						
NOV	8.310		8.220						
PHOSPHORUS FIL REACT (LIMIT	=	.5UG/L	GUIDELINE =	N/A
JUN	.004		.001	< T					
NOV	.003		.001	<t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					
PHOSPHORUS TTL-UNFIL (MG/L)		DET'N	LIMIT	=	.002	GUIDELINE = .40	(F2)
JUN	.028		BDL						
NOV	.007	<1	.003						
RESIDUE (TOTAL) (MG/L					LIMIT	=	1.	GUIDELINE = 500.	(A3)
JUN	212	CRO	229	CRO					
NOV	214	CRO	218	CRO					
TURBIDITY (FTU)				DET'N	LIMIT	=	.02	GUIDELINE = 1.00	(A1)
JUN	.410		.090						
9014	. 710		.070						

TABLE 5

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT 1987

		7		
	WATER	TREATMENT PLANT		DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
	RAW	TREATED		
	ETALS			
ALUMINUM (MG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = .004	GUIDELINE = .10 (A4)
JUN	.007	. 160		
NOV	.021	.076		
BARIUM (MG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = 0.001	GUIDELINE = 1.000 (A1)
JUN	.021	.020		
NOV	.018	.017		
BORON (MG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = 0.01	GUIDELINE = 5.000 (A1)
JUN	.030	<t .040<="" td=""><td><t< td=""><td></td></t<></td></t>	<t< td=""><td></td></t<>	
NOV	.030 -			
CHROMIUM (MG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 0.001	GUIDELINE = .05 (A1)
JUN	BDL	BDL		
NOV	.002	.002		
COPPER (MG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .001	GUIDELINE = 1.0 (A3)
COFFER (MG/E /			DEI W EIMIT - 1001	doiberine - 1.0 (AS)
JUN	.003	.002		
NOV	.003	.002		
IRON (MG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .002	GUIDELINE = .300 (A3)
JUN	.036	.003		
NOV	.012	BDL		
MERCURY (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = 0.010	GUIDELINE = 1.000 (A1)
JUN	.010	.010		
NOV	.060	.060		
MANGANESE (MG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = .001	GUIDELINE = .050 (A3)
JUN	.004	.001		
NOV	.002	BDL		
				NAMES OF STREET
MOLYBDENUM (MG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 0.001	GUIDELINE = .50 (H)
JUN	.001	.001		
NOV	.001	.001		
NICKEL (MG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = 0.001	GUIDELINE = .05 (F3)
JUN	BDL	BDL		

TABLE 5

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT 1987

	WATER TREA	ATMENT PLANT		DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
	RAW	TREATED		
			••••	
NOV	.002	.002		
STRONTIUM (MG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .001	GUIDELINE = 2.00 (H)
JUN	.170	.170		
NOV	. 160	.160		
URANIUM (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .02	GUIDELINE = 20. (A2)
JUN	.340	.370		
NOV	.340	.380		
ZINC (MG/L)	••••••		DET'N LIMIT = .001	GUIDELINE = 5.00 (A3)
JUN	.004	.005		
NOV	BDL	BDL		

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT 1987

TABLE 5

		THE SOLVETEENING	L PROGRAM LONAL PA	and water incating the first its
	WATER TREA	TMENT PLANT		DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
	RA₩	TREATED		
*********	PESTICIDES & PCB			
ALPHA BHC (NG/L)	DET'N	LIMIT = 1.000	GUIDELINE = 700. (G)
JUN	2.000 <t< td=""><td>BDL</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	BDL		
NOV	4.000 <t< td=""><td>2.000 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td></t<></td></t<>	2.000 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td></t<>		
LINDANE (NG/L)	DET'N	LIMIT = 1.000	GUIDELINE = 4000.0 (A1)
JUN	BDL	BDL		

BDL

1.000 <T

NOV

TABLE 5

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT 1987

WATER TREATMENT PLANT

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

RAW TREATED

.....

PHENOLICS

PHENOL (UG/L)

DET'N LIMIT = 0.2 GUIDELINE = 2.00 (A3)

JUN NOV

.200 <T .400 <T .200 <T .200 <T

TABLE 5

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT 1987

	WATER	TREATMENT PLANT			DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
	RAW	TREATED			
VO	LATILES				
CHLOROFORM (UG/L)		DET'N LIM	0 = T1	GUIDELINE = 350.0 (A1+)
JUN	BDL	22.700			
NOV	BDL	15.200			
				0121 021	
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	(UG/L)	DET'N LIM	IT = 0	GUIDELINE = 350.0 (A1+)
JUN	BDL	13.800			
NOV	BDL	10.200			
CHLOROD I BROMOMETHANE	(UG/L)	DET'N LIM	IT = 0	GUIDELINE = 350.0 (A1+)
JUN	BDL	5.600			
NOV	BDL	4.900			
BROMOFORM (UG/L)		DET'N LIM	T = 0	GUIDELINE = 350.0 (A1+)
JUN	BDL	.400	<t< td=""><td></td><td></td></t<>		
NOV	BDL	.200	<t< td=""><td></td><td></td></t<>		
TOTL TRIHALOMETHANES	(UG/L)	DET'N LIM	IT = 0	GUIDELINE = 350.0 (A1)
JUN	BDL	42.500			
NOV	BDL	30.500			

TABLE 6

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT 1987

COUNT OF PARAMETERS NOT FOUND ABOVE THE DETECTION LIMIT

SCAN	PARAMETER	ANALYSED	DETECTION LIMIT	GUIDELINE	
••••			••••••		
CHEMISTRY (LAB)	CYANIDE	4	0.001	.200 (A1)	MG/L
METALS	ARSENIC	4	0.001	.050 (A1)	MG/L
	BERYLLIUM	4	0.001	.0002 (H)	MG/L
	CADMIUM	4	0.300	5.000 (A1)	UG/L
	COBALT	4	0.001	1.0 (H)	MG/L
	LEAD	4	0.003	.050 (A1)	MG/L
	SELENIUM	4	0.001	.010 (A1)	MG/L
	VANADIUM	4	.001	.10 (H)	MG/L
CHLOROAROMATICS	HEXACHLOROBUTAD I ENE	4	1.000	450. (D4)	NG/L
	123 TRICHLOROBENZENE	4	5.000	10000. (1)	NG/L
	1234 T-CHLOROBENZENE	4	1.000	10000. (I)	NG/L
	1235 T-CHLOROBENZENE	4	1.000	10000. (I)	NG/L
	124 TRICHLOROBENZENE	4	5.000	10000. (1)	NG/L
	1245 T-CHLOROBENZENE	4	1.000	38000. (D4)	NG/L
	135 TRICHLOROBENZENE	4	5.000	10000. (D4)	NG/L
	HEXACHLOROETHANE	4	1.000	1900. (D4)	NG/L
	OCTACHLOROSTYRENE	4	1.000	N/A	22/07/02/02/03/03
	PENTACHLOROBENZENE	4	1.000	74000. (D4)	NG/L
	236 TRICHLOROTOLUENE	4	5.000	N/A	Y 2000 AP 2000 C
	245 TRICHLOROTOLUENE	4	5.000	N/A	
	26A TRICHLOROTOLUENE	4	5.000	N/A	NG/L
CHLOROPHENOLS	234 TRICHLOROPHENOL	4	50.	N/A	NG/L
	2345 T-CHLOROPHENOL	4	50.	N/A	
	2356 T-CHLOROPHENOL	4	50.	N/A	
	245-TRICHLOROPHENOL	4	50.	2600000(D4)	
	246-TRICHLOROPHENOL	4	50.	10000. (C1)	
	PENTACHLOROPHENOL	4	* 50.	10000. (C1)	NG/L
PAH	PHENANTHRENE	2	0	N/A	NG/L
	ANTHRACENE	2	0	N/A	
	FLUORANTHENE	2	0	42000 (D4)	C CHILDROTY/SCIL)
	PYRENE	2	0	N/A	
	BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE	2	0	N/A	1855
	CHRYSENE	2	0		NG/L
	DIMETH. BENZ(A)ANTHR				NG/L
	BENZO(E)PYRENE	2		N/A	
	BENZO(J) FLUORANTHEN	2		N/A	
	BENZO(B) FLUORANTHEN	2		N/A	
	PERYLENE PENZOCKA ELHOPANTHEN	2			NG/L
	BENZO(K) FLUORANTHEN BENZO (A) PYRENE	2		N/A 10 (B1)	
	BENZO(G,H,I) PERYLEN	2		CASE 10/00	
	DIBENZO(A,H) ANTHRAC	2		N/A N/A	
	INDENO(1,2,3-C,D) PY			N/A	
	BENZO(B) CHRYSENE	2		N/A	
	ANTHANTHRENE	2		N/A	
	CORONENE	2		N/A	
PESTICIDES & PCB	ALDRIN	4	1.000	700.0 (A1)	NG/L

TABLE 6

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT 1987

COUNT OF PARAMETERS NOT FOUND ABOVE THE DETECTION LIMIT

SCAN	PARAMETER	ANALYSED	DETECTION LIMIT	GUIDELINE	
Ownerson				*********	
PESTICIDES & PCB	BETA BHC	4	1.000	300. (G)	NG/L
	ALPHA CHLORDANE	4	2.000	7000.0 (A1)	NG/L
	GAMMA CHLORDANE	4	2.000	7000.0 (A1)	NG/L
	DIELDRIN	4	2.000	700.0 (A1)	NG/L
	METHOXYCHLOR	4	5.000	100000.(A1)	NG/L
	THIODAN I	4	2.000	74000. (D4)	NG/L
	THIODAN II	4	4.000	74000. (D4)	
	ENDRIN	4	4.000	200.0 (A1)	
	THIODAN SULPHATE	4	4,000	N/A	
	HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	4	1.000	3000.0 (A1)	
	HEPTACHLOR	4	1.000	3000.0 (A1)	
	MIREX	4	5.000	N/A	
	OXYCHLORDANE	4	2.000	N/A	
	OPDDT	4	5.000	30000. (A1)	
	PCB	4	20.000	3000. (A1)	
	PP-DDD	4	5.000	N/A	
	PPDDE	4	1.000	30000. (A1)	77
	PPDDT	4	5.000	30000. (A1)	
	ATRATONE	4	50.	N/A	
		4		100 F 100 C	200000000000000000000000000000000000000
	ALACHLOR		500.	35000. (D2)	
	ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE	4	0	50.0 (G)	
	HCB	4	1.000	10.0 (C1)	NG/L
SPECIFIC PESTICIDES	TOXAPHENE	4	N/A	5000. (A1)	NG/L
SPECIFIC PESTICIDES	AMETRYNE	4	50.00	300000.(D3)	NG/L
	ATRAZINE	4	50.00	60000. (B3)	NG/L
	BLADEX	4	100.00	10000. (B3)	
	PROMETONE	4	50.00	52500. (D3)	NG/L
	PROPAZINE	4	50.00	16000. (D2)	
	PROMETRYNE	4	CANADA TRANSPORT		NG/L
			50.00	1000. (B3)	NG/L
	SENCOR	4	100.00	80000. (B2)	NG/L
	SIMAZINE	4	50.00	10000. (B3)	NG/L
	2,4,5-T	4	50.00	35000. (D2)	
	2,4-0	4	100.00	100000.(A1)	20000000000
	24DCHLRPHENOXYBUTYRC	4	200.00	18000. (B3)	
	2,4-DP	4	100.00	N/A	
	DICAMBA	4	100.00	87000. (B3)	NG/L
	PICHLORAM	4	100.00	2450000(D3)	NG/L
	SILVEX	4	50.00	10000. (A1)	
	DIAZINON	4	20.	14000. (A1)	NG/L
	DICHLOROVOS	4	20.	N/A	NG/L
	DURSBAN	4	20.	N/A	NG/L
	ETHION	4	20.	35000. (G)	NG/L
	GUTHION	4	N/A	N/A	NG/L
	MALATHION	4	20.	160000. (G)	NG/L
	MEVINPHOS	4	20.	N/A	NG/L
	METHYL PARATHION	4	50.	7000. (B3)	NG/L
	METHYLTRITHION	4	20.	N/A	NG/L
	PARATHION	4	20.	35000. (B1)	
	PHORATE	4	20.	35.0 (D2)	NG/L
	RELDAN	4	20.	N/A	NG/L
	RONNEL	4	20.	N/A	NG/L

TABLE 6

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM LORNE PARK WATER TREATMENT PLANT 1987

COUNT OF PARAMETERS NOT FOUND ABOVE THE DETECTION LIMIT

SCAN	PARAMETER	ANALYSED	DETECTION LIMIT	GUIDELINE	

SPECIFIC PESTICIDES	AMINOCARB	4	N/A	N/A	NG/L
	BENOMYL	4	N/A	N/A	NG/L
	BUX	4	2000.	N/A	NG/L
	CARBOFURAN	4	2000.	18000. (D3)	NG/L
	CIPC	4	2000.	350000. (G)	NG/L
	DIALLATE	4	2000.	30000. (H)	NG/L
	EPTAM	4	2000.	N/A	NG/L
	IPC	4	2000.	N/A	NG/L
	PROPOXUR	4	2000.	90000. (G)	NG/L
	SEVIN	4	200.	70000. (A1)	NG/L
	SUTAN	4	2000.	245000.(D3)	NG/L
	METOLACHLOR	4	500.	50000. (B3)	NG/L
VOLATILES	BENZENE	4	0	5.0 (D1)	UG/L
	TOLUENE	4	0	100.0 (G)	UG/L
	ETHYLBENZENE	4	0	3400. (D3)	UG/L
	P-XYLENE	4	0	620. (G)	UG/L
	M-XYLENE	4	0	620. (G)	UG/L
	O-XYLENE	4	0	620. (G)	
	1,1 DICHLOROETHYLENE	4	0	7.0 (D1)	UG/L
	DICHLOROMETHANE	4	0	1750. (D3)	UG/L
	T1,2DICHLOROETHYLENE	4	0	350. (D3)	UG/L
	1,1 DICHLOROETHANE	4	0	N/A	UG/L
	111, TRICHLOROETHANE	4	0	200. (D1)	UG/L
	1,2 DICHLOROETHANE	4	0	5.0 (D1)	UG/L
	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	4	0	5.0 (D1)	UG/L
	1,2 DICHLOROPROPANE	4	0	10.0 (G)	UG/L
	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	4	0	5.0 (D1)	UG/L
	112 TRICHLOROETHANE	4	0	.60 (D4)	UG/L
	T-CHLOROETHYLENE	4	0	10.0 (C2)	UG/L
	1122 T-CHLOROETHANE	4	0	0.17 (D4)	UG/L
	CHLOROBENZENE	4	0	1510. (D3)	UG/L
	1,4 DICHLOROBENZENE	4	0	75.0 (D1)	UG/L
	1,3 DICHLOROBENZENE	4	0	130. (G)	UG/L
	1,2 DICHLOROBENZENE	4	0	130. (G)	UG/L
	TRIFLUOROCHLOROTOLUE	4	0	N/A	UG/L

Appendix A

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM

The Drinking Water Surveillance Program (DWSP) for Ontario monitors drinking water quality at municipal water supply systems. The DWSP Database Management System provides a computerized drinking water quality information system for the supplies monitored. The objectives of the program are to provide:

- immediate, reliable, current information on drinking water quality,
- a flagging mechanism for 'Objective' exceedence,
- a definition of contaminant levels and trends,
- a comprehensive background for remedial action,
- a framework for assessment of new contaminants,
- and an indication of treatment efficiency of plant processes.

Program

The DWSP officially began in April 1986 and is designed to eventually include all municipal water supplies in Ontario; currently 44 plants are being monitored. Water supply locations have been prioritized for surveillance, based primarily on criteria such as population density, probability of contamination and geographical location.

An ongoing assessment of future monitoring requirements at each location will be made. Monitoring will continue at the initial locations at an appropriate level and further locations will be phased into the program as resources permit. It is estimated that after 4 years of operation, the program will be monitoring 90 locations.

A major goal of the program is to collect valid water quality data, in context with plant operational characteristics at the time of sampling. As soon as sufficient data have been accumulated and analysed, both the frequency of sampling and the range of parameters may be adjusted accordingly.

Assessments are carried out at all locations prior to initial sampling in order to acquire complete plant process and distribution system details, and to designate (and retrofit if necessary) all sampling systems and locations. This ensures that the sampled water is a reflection of the water itself.

Samples are taken of the raw (ambient water) and the treated water at the treatment plant, and of consumer's tap water in the distribution system. In order to determine possible effects of distribution on water quality, both standing and free flow water in old and new sections of the distribution system are sampled.

Sampling is carried out by operational personnel who have been trained in the applicable procedures.

Comprehensive standardized procedures and Field Test kits are supplied to sampling personnel. This ensures that samples are taken and handled according to standard protocols and that field testing will supply reliable data. All field and laboratory analyses are carried out using "approved documented procedures". All laboratory analyses are carried out by the MOE Laboratory Services Branch.

Data Reporting Mechanism

When the analytical results are transferred from the MOE laboratory into the DWSP system, printouts of the completed analyses are sent to the MOE District Officer, the appropriate operational staff and are also retained by the DWSP co-ordinator.

DWSP INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

The DWSP INPUTS and OUTPUTS are illustrated in Fig. 1.

PROGRAM INPUTS

PLANT AND DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The system description includes plant specific non-analytical information acquired through a questionnaire and initial plant visit. During the initial assessment of the plant and distribution system the questionnaire content is verified and

missing information added. It is intended that all data be kept current with scheduled annual updates.

The PLANT and DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM DESCRIPTION consists of the following seven components.

1. Process component inventory

All physical and chemical processes that the water is subjected to, from the intake pipe to the consumers' tap (where possible), are documented. These include: process type, general description of physical structures, material types, sizes, and retention time for each process within the plant. The processes may be as simple as transmission or as complex as carbon adsorption.

2. Treatment chemicals

Chemicals used in the treatment processes, their function, application point, supplier and brand-name are recorded. The chemical dosages applied on the day of sampling are recorded in DWSP.

3. Process control measurements

Documentation of in-plant monitoring of process parameters (turbidity, chlorine residuals, pH, aluminum residuals) including methods used, monitoring locations and frequency is contained in this section. In-plant monitoring results are generally not retained in DWSP but are retained by the Water Treatment Plant.

4. Design flow and retention time

The hydraulic capacity, designed and actual, is noted here. Retention time (the time that a block of water is retained in the plant) is also noted. The maximum, minimum and average flow as well as a record of the flow rate on the day of sampling are recorded in DWSP.

5. Distribution system description

This area includes the storage and transmission characteristics of the distribution system after the water leaves the plant.

6. Sampling system

Each plant is assessed for its adequacy in terms of sampling of bacteriological, organic and inorganic parameters. The prime considerations in the assessment and design of the sampling system are:

- i/ the sample is an accurate representation of the actual water condition, eg. raw water has had no chemical treatment;
- ii/ the water being sampled is not being modified by the sampling system;
- iii/ the sample tap must be in a clean area of the plant,
 preferably a lab area;
 - iv/ the sample lines must be organically inert (no plastic, ideally stainless steel).

It is imperative that the sampled water be a reflection not of the sampling system but of the water itself.

The sampling system documentation includes: origin of the water; date sampling was initiated; size, length and material type (intake, discharge and tap), pump characteristics (model, type, capacity) and flow rate.

7. People

This section contains the names, addresses and phone numbers of current plant management and operational staff, distribution system management and operational staff, Medical Officer of Health and appropriate Ministry of Environment personnel associated with the plant.

FIELD DATA

The second major input to DWSP is field data.

Field data is collected at the plant and from the distribution system sites on the day of sampling. The field data consists of general operating conditions and the results of testing for field parameters. General operating conditions include chemicals used, dosages, flow and retention time on the day of sampling as well as monthly maximum, minimum and average flows. Field parameters include turbidity, chlorine residuals (free, combined and total), temperature and pH. These parameters are analysed according to standardized DWSP protocols to allow for interplant comparison.

LABORATORY ANALYTICAL DATA

The third major input to DWSP is Laboratory Analytical Data.

Samples gathered from the raw, treated and distribution sampling sites are analyzed for approximately 160 parameters at a frequency of two to twelve times per year. Sixty-five percent of the parameters are organic. The parameters measured may have health or aesthetic implications when present in drinking water. Many of the parameters may be used in the treatment process or may be treatment by-products. Due to the nature of certain analytical instruments parameters may be measured for in a "scan" producing some results for parameters that are not on the DWSP priority list but which may be of interest. The majority of the parameters are measured on a routine basis however, those that are technically more difficult and/or costly to analyse for are done less frequently. These include Specific Pesticides and Chlorophenols.

Although the parameter list is extensive, additional parameters with the potential to cause health or aesthetic related problems may be added provided reliable analytical and sampling methods exist.

All laboratory generated data is derived from standardized, documented analytical protocols. The analytical method is an integral part of the data and as methods change notation will be made and intercomparison data documented.

PARAMETER REFERENCE INFORMATION

The fourth major input to DWSP is Parameter Reference Information

This is a catalogue of information for each substance analysed on DWSP. It includes parameter name and aliases, physical and chemical properties, basic toxicology, world-wide health limits, treatment methods and uses. The Parameter Reference Information is computerized and can be accessed through the Query function of the DWSP database.

An example is shown in fig. 2.

A written copy (hard version) of the Parameter Reference Information will be available in the near future and is a new and sophisticated enhancement to the DWSP.

PROGRAM OUTPUTS

There are four major program outputs, Query, Action Alert, Report Generation and the Annual Report.

QUERY

All DWSP information is easily accessed through the Query function, therefore anything from addresses of plant personnel to complete water quality information for a plant's water supply is instantly available. The DWSP computer system makes relatively complex inquiries manageable. A personal password allowing access into the DWSP query mode in all MOE offices is being developed by the DWSP group.

ACTION ALERTS

Drinking Water quality in Ontario is evaluated against provincial objectives as outlined in the publication, Ontario Drinking Water Objectives (ISBN 0-7729-2725-1 revised 1983). This publication contains health-related Maximum Acceptable Concentrations for thirty substances. Should the reported level of a substance in treated water exceed the Ontario Drinking Water Objective an "Action Alert" requiring resampling and confirmation is issued. This assures that operational staff, health authorities and the public are notified as soon as possible of confirmation of an exceedance and remedial action taken. This report supplies a history of the occurrence of past exceedences at the plant plus a historical summary on the parameter of concern.

In the absence of Ontario Drinking Water Objectives, other agency guidelines which are documented in the Parameter Reference Information may be used. If these guidelines are exceeded the results are flagged and evaluated by DWSP personnel. An "Action Alert" will be issued if warranted.

REPORT GENERATION

Custom reports can be generated from DWSP to meet the needs of the regions and to respond to public requests.

ANNUAL REPORTS

It is the practice of DWSP to produce an annual report containing analytical data along with companion plant information.

FIG. 1

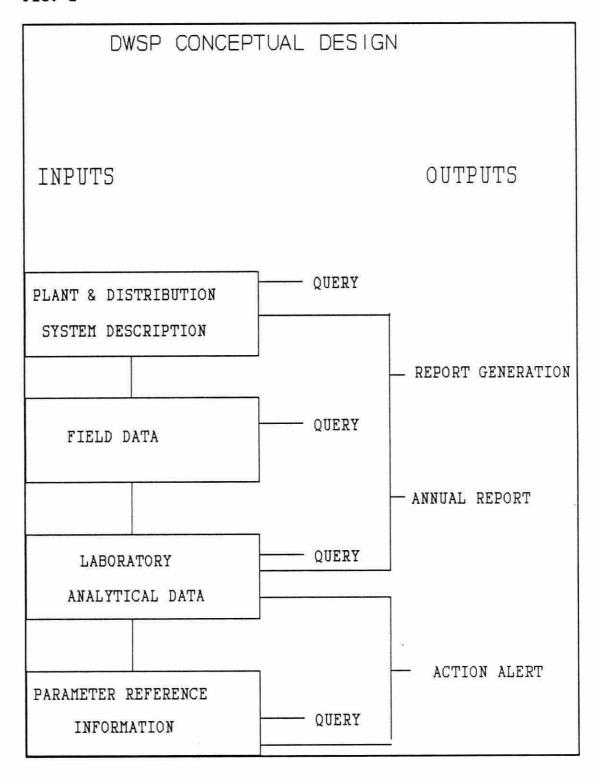


FIG.2

MOE - DRINKING WATER ASSESSMENT PROGRAM (DWSP)

(P2001D)	PARAMETER
(B2001P) REFERENCE BENZENE	
SOURCE FROM EPA C 86/04 EPAA C 80/11 FERC C 84/05 WHO C 84/01	TO METHOD TARG UNIT NOTE NOMETH .00 063000 UG/L RMCL NOMETH 6.60 063000 UG/L NOMETH 1.00 063000 UG/L NOMETH 10.00 064000 UG/L
DESCRIPTION:	NAME: BENZENE CAS#: 71432 MOLECULAR FORMULAE: C ₆ H ₆ DETECTION LIMIT: (FOR METHOD POCODO) 0.05 UG/L SYNONYMS: BENZOLE, COAL NAPHTHA, CARBON OIL (27),

Appendix B

DWSP SAMPLING GUIDELINE

i) RAW and TREATED at PLANT

General Chemistry	-500 mL clear plastic bottle -rinse bottle with sample three times and discard water -fill to line
Bacti	 -250 mL clear glass bottle with white seal on cap -do not rinse bottle; preservative has been added -avoid touching bottle neck or inside of cap -fill to top of red label as marked
Metals	-500 mL clear plastic bottle with white lid -rinse bottle and cap three times, discard -fill to line -add 10 drops nitric acid (Caution: HNO3 is corrosive)
Volatiles (OPOPUP)	-250 mL clear glass bottle -do not rinse bottle -tilt bottle when filling -fill bottle completely; there should be no air bubbles.
Organic	-1 liter brown glass bottle per
(OWOC), (OWTRI), (OAPAHX)	scan -do <u>not</u> rinse bottle -fill to approx. 1" from top -when 'special pesticides' are requested three extra bottles per sample must be submitted
Cyanide	-500 mL clear plastic bottle -do not rinse bottle -fill to approx. 1" from top -add 10 drops sodium hydroxide (Caution: NaOH is corrosive)

Mercury

-250 mL clear glass bottle
-rinse bottle and cap three times,
discard then fill to top of label
-add 20 drops each nitric acid and
potassium dichromate
(Caution: HNO₃ and KCrO₇ corrosive)

Phenols

-250 mL clear glass bottle -do <u>not</u> rinse bottle -fill to top of label as marked

Steps

- 1. Let cold water tap run for several minutes.
- 2. Record time in submission sheet.
- 3. Record teperature on submission sheet.
- 4. Fill up all bottles as per instructions.
- Record chlorine residuals (free, combined and total for treated water only), turbidity and pH on submission sheet.

ii) Distribution Samples (standing water)

General Chemistry -500 mL clear palstic bottle
-rinse bottle with sample three
times and discard

-fill to line

Metals -500 mL clear plastic bottle with

white lid

-rinse bottle and cap three times,

discard

-fill to line

-add 10 drops nitric acid (Caution: HNO₃ is corrosive)

Steps:

1. Record time on submission sheet.

- 2. Place bucket under tap and open cold water.
- 3. Fill to predetermined volume.
- 4. After mixing the water, record the temperature on the submission sheet.
- 5. Fill general chemistry and metals bottles.
- Record chlorine residuals (free, combined and total), turbidity and pH on submission sheet.

iii) Distribution Samples (free flow)

General Chemistry	-500 mL clear plastic bottle -rinse bottle with sample three times and discard water -fill to line
Bacti	-250 mL clear glass bottle with white seal on cap -do not rinse bottle; preservative has been added -avoid touching bottle neck or inside of cap -fill to top of red label as marked
Metals	-500 mL clear plastic bottle with white lid -rinse bottle and cap three times, discard -fill to line -add 10 drops nitric acid (Caution: HNO3 is corrosive)
Volatiles (OPOPUP)	<pre>-250 mL clear glass bottle -do not rinse bottle; preservative has been added -tilt bottle when filling -fill bottle completely; there should be no air bubbles</pre>
Organic	-1 liter brown glass bottle per scan
(OWOC),(OWTRI)	-do <u>not</u> rinse bottle: preservative has been added -fill to approx. 1" from top
Cyanide	-500 mL clear plastic bottle -do not rinse bottle: preservative has been added -fill to approx. 1" from top -add 10 drops sodium hydroxide (Caution: NaOH is corrosive)
Mercury	-250 mL clear glass bottle -rinse bottle and cap three times, discard then fill to top of label -add 20 drops each nitric acid and potassium dichromate (Caution: HNO ₃ and KCrO7 corrosive)

Steps:

- 1. Record time on submission sheet.
- 2. Let cold water flow for ten minutes.
- 3. Record temperature on submission sheet.
- 4. Fill all bottles as per instructions.
- Record chlorine residuals (free, combined and total), tubidity and pH on submission sheet.

TD/434/L677/1988

Ontario. Ministry of the E
Lorne Park Water Treatment
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